1	Senate Bill No. 486
2	(By Senators Kessler (Mr. President), Snyder, Palumbo, Wells,
3	Beach, McCabe, Edgell, Fitzsimmons and Cookman)
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5	[Introduced March 8, 2013; referred to the Committee on the
6	Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-8,
11	§5-11-9 and §5-11-13 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
12	amended; and to amend and reenact $5-11A-3$, $5-11A-5$, $5-11A-6$
13	and §5-11A-7 of said code, all relating to unlawful
14	discriminatory practices; prohibiting discrimination based
15	upon age or sexual orientation; and defining "sexual
16	orientation".
17	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
18	That §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-8, §5-11-9 and §5-11-13
19	of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and
20	reenacted; and that §5-11A-3, §5-11A-5, §5-11A-6 and §5-11A-7 of
21	said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
22	ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.
23	<pre>§5-11-2. Declaration of policy.</pre>

1 It is the public policy of the State of West Virginia to 2 provide all of its citizens equal opportunity for employment, equal 3 access to places of public accommodations, and equal opportunity in 4 the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing 5 accommodations or real property. Equal opportunity in the areas of 6 employment and public accommodations is hereby declared to be a 7 human right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, 8 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual</u> 9 <u>orientation</u>, blindness or disability. Equal opportunity in housing 10 accommodations or real property is hereby declared to be a human 11 right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, 2 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, <u>sexual</u> 13 <u>orientation</u>, disability or familial status.

The denial of these rights to properly qualified persons by 15 reason of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, 16 age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability or familial status 17 is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of 18 opportunity and is destructive to a free and democratic society.

19 **§5-11-3**. **Definitions**.

20 When used in this article:

(a) The term "person" means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and other organized groups of

1 persons;

2 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights3 Commission;

4 (c) The term "director" means the executive director of the 5 commission;

(d) The term "employer" means the state, or any political
subdivision thereof, and any person employing twelve or more
persons within the state for twenty or more calendar weeks in the
calendar year in which the act of discrimination allegedly took
place or the preceding calendar year: *Provided*, That such the
terms shall may not be taken, understood or construed to include a
private club: *Provided*, *however*, That this article, with regards
to sexual orientation, shall not apply to a corporation,
association, educational institution or institution of learning, or
society that is exempt from the religious discrimination provisions
of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et
seq.) pursuant to section 702(a) or 703(e)(2) of such Act (42
U.S.C. 2000e-1(a), 2000e-2(e)(2)), except in the operation of a
program funded by the state;

(e) The term "employee" shall does not include any individual
21 employed by his or her parents, spouse or child;

(f) The term "labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,

1 terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or 2 protection in relation to employment;

3 (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person 4 undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, 5 refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of 6 advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be 7 deemed to be an employment agency;

8 (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to 9 exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal 10 opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, 11 ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability or 12 familial status and includes to separate or segregate;

13 (i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only14 those practices specified in section nine of this article;

(j) The term "place of public accommodations" means any establishment or person, as defined herein, including the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, which offers its services, goods, facilities or accommodations to the general public, but shall <u>does</u> not include any accommodations which are in their nature private. To the extent that any penitentiary, correctional facility, detention center, regional jail or county jail is a place of public accommodation, the rights, remedies and requirements provided by this article for any violation of subdivision (6), section nine of this article shall do not apply to

1 any person other than: (1) Any person employed at a penitentiary, 2 correctional facility, detention center, regional jail or county 3 jail; (2) any person employed by a law-enforcement agency; or (3) 4 any person visiting any such employee or visiting any person 5 detained in custody at such the facility;

6 (k) The term "age" means the age of forty or above;

7 (1) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be 8 considered to be blind only if his <u>or her</u> central visual acuity 9 does not exceed twenty/two hundred in the better eye with 10 correcting lenses, or if his <u>or her</u> visual acuity is greater than 11 twenty/two hundred but is occasioned by a limitation in the fields 12 of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field 13 subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees; and

14 (m) The term "disability" means:

(1) A mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such the person's major life activities. The term "major life activities" includes functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working;

20 (2) A record of such impairment; or

21 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment.

For the purposes of this article, this term does not include For the purposes of this article, this term does not include response whose current use of or addiction to alcohol or drugs the prevents such persons the individual from performing the duties of

1 the job in question or whose employment, by reason of such current 2 alcohol or drug abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property 3 or the safety of others; and

4 (n) The term "sexual orientation" means heterosexuality,
5 bisexuality, homosexuality or gender identity or expression,
6 whether actual or perceived.

7 §5-11-4. Powers and objectives.

8 The commission shall have <u>has</u> the power and authority and 9 shall perform the functions and services as in this article 10 prescribed and as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall 11 encourage and endeavor to bring about mutual understanding and 12 respect among all racial, religious and ethnic groups within the 13 state and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in 14 employment and places of public accommodations by virtue of race, 15 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual</u> 16 <u>orientation</u>, blindness or <u>handicap</u> <u>disability</u> and shall strive to 17 eliminate all discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental 18 or financing of housing and other real property by virtue of race, 19 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>age</u>, <u>sexual</u> 20 <u>orientation</u>, blindness, <u>handicap</u> <u>disability</u> or familial status.

21 §5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.

22 The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:

(a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local24 government officers, units, activities and agencies in the

1 promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and 2 greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious 3 and ethnic groups in this state;

4 (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic 5 units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor 6 organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in 7 programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, 8 understanding and the equal protection of the laws of all groups 9 and peoples;

10 (c) To receive, investigate and pass upon complaints alleging 11 discrimination in employment or places of public accommodations, 12 because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, 13 age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability, and complaints 14 alleging discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and 15 financing of housing accommodations or real property because of 16 race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual</u> 17 <u>orientation</u>, blindness, disability or familial status, and to 18 initiate its own consideration of any situations, circumstances or 19 problems, including therein any racial, religious or ethnic group 20 tensions, prejudice, disorder or discrimination reported or 21 existing within the state relating to employment, places of public 22 accommodations, housing accommodations and real property;

(d) To hold and conduct public and private hearings, in thecounty where the respondent resides or transacts business or where

1 agreed to by the parties or where the acts complained of occurred, 2 on complaints, matters and questions before the commission and, in 3 connection therewith, relating to discrimination in employment or 4 places of public accommodations, housing accommodations or real 5 property and during the investigation of any formal complaint 6 before the commission relating to employment, places of public 7 accommodations, housing accommodations or real property to:

8 (1) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon the 9 approval of the executive director or the chairperson of the 10 commission; administer oaths; take the testimony of any person 11 under oath; and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable 12 and necessary expenses in connection with such attendance;

13 (2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties 14 involved therein upon their payment of the reasonable costs thereof 15 to the commission;

16 (3) Delegate to an administrative law judge who shall be an 17 attorney, duly licensed to practice law in West Virginia, the power 18 and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein provided, to 19 determine all questions of fact and law presented during the 20 hearing and to render a final decision on the merits of the 21 complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter 22 set forth.

Any respondent or complainant who shall feel aggrieved at any 24 final action of an administrative law judge shall file a written

1 notice of appeal with the commission by serving such notice on the 2 executive director and upon all other parties within thirty days 3 after receipt of the administrative law judge's decision. The 4 commission shall limit its review upon such appeals to whether the 5 administrative law judge's decision is:

6 (A) In conformity with the Constitution and the laws of the 7 state and the United States;

8 (B) Within the commission's statutory jurisdiction or 9 authority;

10 (C) Made in accordance with procedures required by law or 11 established by appropriate rules of the commission;

(D) Supported by substantial evidence on the whole record; or
(E) Not arbitrary, capricious or characterized by abuse of
14 discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion.

15 (4) To enter into conciliation agreements and consent orders. 16 Each conciliation agreement shall include provisions requiring 17 the respondent to refrain from the commission of unlawful 18 discriminatory practices in the future and shall contain such 19 further provisions as may be agreed upon by the commission and the 20 respondent.

If the respondent and the commission agree upon conciliation terms, the commission shall serve upon the complainant a copy of the proposed conciliation agreement. If the complainant agrees to the terms of the agreement or fails to object to such terms within

1 fifteen days after its service upon him or her, the commission 2 shall issue an order embodying such conciliation agreement. If the 3 complainant objects to the agreement, he or she shall serve a 4 specification of his or her objections upon the commission within 5 <u>such this</u> period. Unless such objections are met or withdrawn 6 within ten days after service thereof, the commission shall notice 7 the complaint for hearing.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the 9 commission may, where it finds the terms of the conciliation 10 agreement to be in the public interest, execute such agreement, and 11 limit the hearing to the objections of the complainant.

12 If a conciliation agreement is entered into, the commission 13 shall serve a copy of the order embodying such agreement upon all 14 parties to the proceeding.

Not later than one year from the date of a conciliation agreement, the commission shall investigate whether the respondent r is complying with the terms of such agreement. Upon a finding of noncompliance, the commission shall take appropriate action to assure compliance;

20 (5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the 21 respondent resides or transacts business for enforcement of any 22 conciliation agreement or consent order by seeking specific 23 performance of such agreement or consent order;

24 (6) To issue cease and desist orders against any person found,

1 after a public hearing, to have violated the provisions of this
2 article or the rules of the commission;

3 (7) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the 4 respondent resides or transacts business for an order enforcing any 5 lawful cease and desist order issued by the commission;

6 (e) To recommend to the Governor and Legislature policies, 7 procedures, practices and legislation in matters and questions 8 affecting human rights;

9 (f) To delegate to its executive director such powers, duties 10 and functions as may be necessary and expedient in carrying out the 11 objectives and purposes of this article;

(g) To prepare a written report on its work, functions and services for each year ending on June 30 and to deliver copies thereof to the Governor on or before December 1, next thereafter; (h) To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish effectively the objects, functions and reservices contemplated by the provisions of this article, including the promulgation of legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the commission;

(i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation Councils, local, regional or statewide, as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to study the problems

1 of discrimination in all or specific fields or instances of 2 discrimination because of race, religion, color, national origin, 3 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness, disability or 4 familial status; to foster, through community effort or otherwise, 5 goodwill, cooperation and conciliation among the groups and population of this 6 elements of the state, and to make 7 recommendations to the commission for the development of policies 8 and procedures, and for programs of formal and informal education, 9 which the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency. 10 Such advisory agencies and conciliation councils shall be composed 11 of representative citizens serving without pay. The commission may 12 itself make the studies and perform the acts authorized by this It may, by voluntary conferences with parties in 13 subdivision. 14 interest, endeavor by conciliation and persuasion to eliminate 15 discrimination in all the stated fields and to foster goodwill and 16 cooperation among all elements of the population of the state;

(j) To accept contributions from any person to assist in the effectuation of the purposes of this section and to seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, religious, labor, civic and benevolent organizations for the purposes of this section;

(k) To issue such publications and such results of 22 investigation and research as in its judgment will tend to promote 23 goodwill and minimize or eliminate discrimination: *Provided*, That 24 the identity of the parties involved shall may not be disclosed.

1 §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the State of West Virginia or its agencies or political subdivisions:

7 (1) For any employer to discriminate against an individual 8 with respect to compensation, hire, tenure, terms, conditions or 9 privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent to 10 perform the services required even if <u>such the</u> individual is blind 11 or disabled: *Provided*, That it <u>shall may</u> not be an unlawful 12 discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions 13 of any bona fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance 14 or welfare benefit plan or system not adopted as a subterfuge to 15 evade the provisions of this subdivision;

(2) For any employer, employment agency or labor organization, prior to the employment or admission to membership, to: (A) Elicit any information or make or keep a record of or use any form of papplication or application blank containing questions or entries concerning the race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>sexual orientation</u> or age of any applicant for employment or membership; (B) print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership indicating any preference, limitation, specifications or

1 discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national origin, 2 ancestry, sex, <u>sexual orientation</u>, disability or age; or (C) deny 3 or limit, through a quota system, employment or membership because 4 of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, 5 sexual orientation, blindness or disability;

6 (3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, 7 color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientaiton</u>, 8 blindness or disability of any individual to deny full and equal 9 membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate 10 against such individual with respect to hire, tenure, terms, 11 conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, 12 directly or indirectly, related to employment;

13 (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or 14 any joint labor-management committee controlling apprentice 15 training programs to:

16 (A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program 17 registered with the State of West Virginia on any basis other than 18 their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which 19 permit review;

20 (B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or 21 her right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, 22 an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program or 23 other occupational training or retraining program;

24 (C) Discriminate against any individual in his or her pursuit

1 of such these programs or to discriminate against such a person in 2 the terms, conditions or privileges of such programs;

3 (D) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated 4 any statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of 5 application for these programs or to make any inquiry in connection 6 with a program which expresses, directly or indirectly, 7 discrimination or any intent to discriminate unless based upon a 8 bona fide occupational qualification;

9 (5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify 10 properly, refer for employment or otherwise to discriminate against 11 any individual because of his or her race, religion, color, 12 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness 13 or disability;

14 (6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, 15 manager, superintendent, agent or employee of any place of public 16 accommodations to:

17 (A) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of 18 his or her race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, 19 age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability, either directly 20 or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, 21 privileges or services of the place of public accommodations;

(B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, either and directly or indirectly, any written or printed communication, and advertisement to the effect that any of the

1 accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of 2 any such place shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any 3 individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, 4 ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability, or 5 that the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging 6 to or purporting to be of any particular race, religion, color, 7 national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>sexual orientation</u> or age, or who 8 is blind or disabled, is unwelcome, objectionable, not acceptable, 9 undesired or not solicited; or

10 (7) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor 11 organization, owner, real estate broker, real estate salesman or 12 financial institution to:

13 (A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage 14 in, or hire, or conspire with others to commit acts or activities 15 of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade, 16 embarrass or cause physical harm or economic loss or to aid, abet, 17 incite, compel or coerce any person to engage in any of the 18 unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;

(B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provisions of this article, or to resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission or any of its members or presentatives in the performance of a duty under this article; or (C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise discriminate against any person because he or she has opposed any practices or

1 acts forbidden under this article or because he or she has filed a
2 complaint, testified or assisted in any proceeding under this
3 article.

4 §5-11-13. Exclusiveness of remedy; exceptions.

5 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), nothing contained in 6 this article shall be deemed considered to repeal or supersede any 7 of the provisions of any existing or hereafter adopted municipal 8 ordinance, municipal charter or of any law of this state relating 9 to discrimination because of race, religion, color, national 10 origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness or 11 disability, but as to acts declared unlawful by section nine of 12 this article the procedure herein provided shall, when invoked, be 13 exclusive and the final determination therein shall exclude any 14 other action, civil or criminal, based on the same grievance of the 15 complainant concerned. If such complainant institutes any action 16 based on such grievance without resorting to the procedure provided 17 in this article, he or she may not subsequently resort to the In the event of a conflict between the 18 procedure herein. 19 interpretation of a provision of this article and the 20 interpretation of a similar provision contained in any municipal 21 ordinance authorized by charter, the interpretation of the 22 provision in this article shall apply to such municipal ordinance. (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 23 24 section, a complainant may institute an action against a respondent

1 in the county wherein the respondent resides or transacts business 2 at any time within ninety days after the complainant is given 3 notice of a right to sue pursuant to this subsection or, if the 4 statute of limitations on the claim has not expired at the end of 5 such ninety-day period, then at any time during which such statute 6 of limitations has not expired. If a suit is filed under this 7 section the proceedings pending before the commission shall be 8 deemed concluded.

9 The commission shall give a complainant who has filed a 10 complaint a notice of a right to sue upon: (1) The dismissal of 11 the complaint for any reason other than an adjudication of the 12 merits of the case; or (2) the request of a complainant at any time 13 after the timely filing of the complaint in any case which has not 14 been determined on its merits or has not resulted in a conciliation 15 agreement to which the complainant is a party. Upon the issuance 16 of a right to sue letter pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2), the 17 commission may dismiss the complaint.

Notice of right to sue shall be given immediately upon of complainant being entitled thereto, by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall inform the complainant in plain terms of his or her right to institute a civil action as provided in this section within ninety days of the giving of such notice. Service of the notice shall be complete upon mailing.

1 (c) In any action filed under this section, if the court finds 2 that the respondent has engaged in or is engaging in an unlawful 3 discriminatory practice charged in the complaint, the court shall 4 enjoin the respondent from engaging in such unlawful discriminatory 5 practice and order affirmative action which may include, but is not 6 limited to, reinstatement or hiring of employees, granting of back 7 pay or any other legal or equitable relief as the court deems 8 appropriate. In actions brought under this section, the court in 9 its discretion may award all or a portion of the costs of 10 litigation, including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees, to 11 the complainant.

12 (d) The provisions of this section shall be available to all 13 complainants whose active cases are pending before the Human Rights 14 Commission as well as those complainants who file after the 15 effective date of this section.

16 ARTICLE 11A. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.

17 §5-11A-3. Definitions.

18 As used in this article:

19 (a) "Commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights 20 Commission;

(b) "Dwelling" means any building, structure or portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence or sleeping place by one or more persons or families and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for

1 the construction or location thereon of any such building, 2 structure or portion thereof;

3 (c) "Family" includes a single individual;

4 (d) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations,
5 partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal
6 representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts,
7 unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in cases under
8 Title 11 of the United States Code, receivers and fiduciaries;

9 (e) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and 10 otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises 11 not owned by the occupant;

12 (f) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is 13 unlawful under section five, six, seven or nineteen of this 14 article;

(g) "Handicap" <u>"Disability"</u> means, with respect to a person:
(1) A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits
17 one or more of such person's major life activities;

18 (2) A record of having such an impairment; or

19 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment, but such term 20 does not include current, illegal use of or addiction to a 21 controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled 22 Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Section 802;

23 (h) "Aggrieved person" includes any person who:

24 (1) Claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing

1 practice; or

2 (2) Believes that such person will be injured by a3 discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur;

4 (i) "Complainant" means the person, including the commission,5 who files a complaint under section eleven of this article;

6 (j) "Familial status" means:

7 (1) One or more individuals who have not attained the age of 8 eighteen years being domiciled with:

9 (A) A parent or another person having legal custody of such 10 individual or individuals; or

(B) The designee of such parent or other person having such custody with the written permission of such parent or other person; a or

14 (2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of 15 securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the 16 age of eighteen years;

(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues 18 raised by a complaint or by the investigation of such complaint 19 through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the 20 respondent and the commission;

(1) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting22 forth the resolution of the issues in conciliation;

23 (m) <u>"Sexual orientation" is defined as heterosexuality,</u>
24 bisexuality, homosexuality or gender identity or expression,

1 whether actual or perceived;

2 (m) (n) "Respondent" means:

3 (1) The person or other entity accused in a complaint of an 4 unfair housing practice; and

5 (2) Any other person or entity identified in the course of 6 investigation and notified as required with respect to respondents 7 so identified under subsection (a), section eleven of this article; 8 (n) (o) The term "rooming house" means a house or building 9 where there are one or more bedrooms which the proprietor can spare 10 for the purpose of giving lodgings to such persons as he or she 11 chooses to receive; and

12 (o) (p) The term "basic universal design" means the design of 13 products and environments to be useable by all people, to the 14 greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or 15 specialization.

16 §5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other 17 prohibited practices.

As made applicable by section four of this article and except 19 as exempted by sections four and eight of this article, it shall be 20 <u>is</u> unlawful:

(a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide 22 offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or 23 otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person 24 because of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual</u>

1 <u>orientation</u>, familial status, blindness, <u>handicap</u> <u>disability</u> or 2 national origin;

3 (b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, 4 conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the 5 provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, 6 because of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual</u> 7 <u>orientation, familial status, blindness, handicap disability</u> or 8 national origin;

9 (c) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or 10 published any notice, statement or advertisement, with respect to 11 the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, 12 limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, 13 <u>age, sexual orientation, blindness, handicap disability,</u> familial 14 status, ancestry or national origin, or an intention to make any 15 such preference, limitation or discrimination;

(d) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, handicap <u>disability</u>, familial status, ancestry or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such the dwelling is in fact so available;

(e) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to 22 sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or 23 prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of 24 a particular race, color, religion, sex, age, sexual orientation,

1 blindness, handicap <u>disability</u>, familial status, ancestry or 2 national origin; or

3 (f) (1) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise 4 make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any buyer or renter because 5 of a handicap of: (A) That buyer or renter; (B) a person residing 6 in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is so sold, 7 rented or made available; or (C) any person associated with that 8 buyer or renter.

9 (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, 10 conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the 11 provision of services or facilities in connection with such 12 dwelling, because of a handicap <u>disability</u> of: (A) That person; 13 (B) a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling 14 after it is so sold, rented or made available; or (C) any person 15 associated with that person.

16 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, discrimination includes: 17 (A) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the handicapped 18 person, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or 19 to be occupied by such person if such modifications may be 20 necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the premises, 21 except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may where it is 22 reasonable to do so condition permission for a modification on the 23 renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the 24 condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and

1 tear excepted;

2 (B) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, 3 policies, practices or services when such accommodations may be 4 necessary to afford such person equal opportunity to use and enjoy 5 a dwelling; or

6 (C) In connection with the design and construction of covered 7 multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after the date that is 8 thirty months after the date of enactment of the West Virginia fair 9 housing act, a failure to design and construct those dwellings in 10 such a manner that:

(i) The public use and common use portions of such dwellings 12 are readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;

(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within 14 all premises within such dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow 15 passage by handicapped persons in wheelchairs; and

16 (iii) All premises within such dwellings contain the following 17 features of adaptive design: (I) An accessible route into and 18 through the dwelling; (II) light switches, electrical outlets, 19 thermostats and other environmental controls in accessible 20 locations; (III) reinforcements in bathroom walls to allow later 21 installation of grab bars; and (IV) usable kitchens and bathrooms 22 such that an individual in a wheelchair can maneuver about the 23 space.

24 (4) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the

American national standard for buildings and facilities providing
 accessibility and usability for physically handicapped people,
 commonly cited as ANSI A117.1, suffices to satisfy the requirements
 of subparagraph (3) (C) (iii) of this subdivision.

5 (5) (A) If a unit of general local government has incorporated 6 into its laws the requirements set forth in subparagraph (3)(C) of 7 this subdivision, compliance with such laws shall be deemed to 8 satisfy the requirements of that subparagraph.

9 (B) The commission or unit of general local government may 10 review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings 11 for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design 12 and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this 13 subdivision are met.

(C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction s of such dwellings are consistent with subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of such that subparagraph.

22 (D) Nothing in this article shall be construed to require 23 <u>requires</u> the commission to review or approve the plans, designs or 24 construction of all covered multifamily dwellings to determine

1 whether the design and construction of <u>such the</u> dwellings are 2 consistent with the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this 3 subdivision.

4 (6) (A) Nothing in paragraph (5) of this subdivision shall be 5 construed to affect <u>affects</u> the authority and responsibility of the 6 commission or a local public agency to receive and process 7 complaints or otherwise engage in enforcement activities under this 8 article.

9 (B) Determinations by a unit of general local government under 10 subparagraphs (5)(A) and (B) of this subdivision shall not be <u>are</u> 11 <u>not</u> conclusive in enforcement proceedings under this article.

12 (7) As used in this section, the term "covered multifamily 13 dwellings" means: (A) Buildings consisting of four or more units 14 if such buildings have one or more elevators; and (B) ground floor 15 units in other buildings consisting of four or more units.

16 (8) Nothing in this article shall be construed to invalidate 17 or limit <u>invalidates or limits</u> any law of this state or any 18 political subdivision hereof that requires dwellings to be designed 19 and constructed in a manner that affords handicapped persons 20 greater access than is required by this article.

(9) Nothing in this section requires that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property

1 of others. The burden of proving such threat to health or safety 2 or the likelihood of such damage shall be upon the respondent.

3 §5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related 4 transactions.

5 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person or other entity whose 6 business includes engaging in residential real estate-related 7 transactions to discriminate against any person in making available 8 such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a 9 transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual</u> 10 <u>orientation</u>, blindness, <u>handicap</u> <u>disability</u>, familial status, 11 ancestry or national origin.

12 (b) As used in this section, the term "residential real 13 estate-related transaction" means any of the following:

(1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or (B) secured by residential real estate; or

18 (2) The selling, brokering or appraising of residential real19 property.

20 (c) Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged in the 21 business of furnishing appraisals of real property to take into 22 consideration factors other than race, color, religion, national 23 origin, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, handicap 24 <u>disability</u> or familial status.

1 §5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.

It shall be <u>is</u> unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate broker's organization or other service, organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms or conditions of such the access, membership or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, <u>handicap</u> <u>disability</u>, familial status, ancestry or national origin.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to add "sexual orientation" to the categories covered by the Human Rights Act, prohibiting discrimination in employment and places of public accommodation; add "age" and "sexual orientation" to the categories covered by the Fair Housing Act prohibiting discrimination in housing; and define "sexual orientation".

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.